

Here's How a Parolee Gets a Temporary Revocation



1 Alleged technical violations

NPP uses graduated sanctions in response to technical violations. Applying the matrix, at some point NPP may seek a temporary revocation for technical violations.

2

Parolee arrested



Upon alleged technical violations, parolee is arrested and placed in custody in a jail. NPP holds a probable cause inquiry within 15 days and then submits violation report and retake warrant to Parole Board.



3 Parolee transferred to NDOC

If Parole Board signs retake warrant, NPP submits warrant to jail and Parolee is transferred to NDOC.

4

Revocation Hearing



Parole Board holds revocation hearing to determine if Parolee will be temporarily revoked. Hearing held within 60 days of Parolee's return to NDOC.



5 Parolee serves temporary revocation

Parolee serves temporary revocation in NDOC facility and then returns to supervision. (30 days for a 1st, 90 days for a second, 180 days for a 3rd, and full revocation for a 4th.)

For a 1st temporary revocation (30 days) a parolee spent an average of 69 days in NDOC

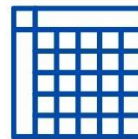
Revise Response to Technical Violations

- Remove 30 day temporary revocation
- Authorize NPP to impose jail (1-10 days) or electronic monitoring (1-60 days) as graduated sanction

EXISTING



Technical violation



Graduated Sanctions



Violation Report



Temporary Revocation of 30, 90, or 180 days

Return to supervision

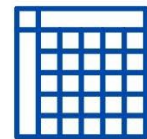


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AB 32



Technical violation



Graduated Sanctions



Jail or electronic monitoring



Violation Report



Temporary Revocation fo 90 or 180 days

Return to supervision